

Communication-efficient Distributed AI for Grid-edge Energy Management

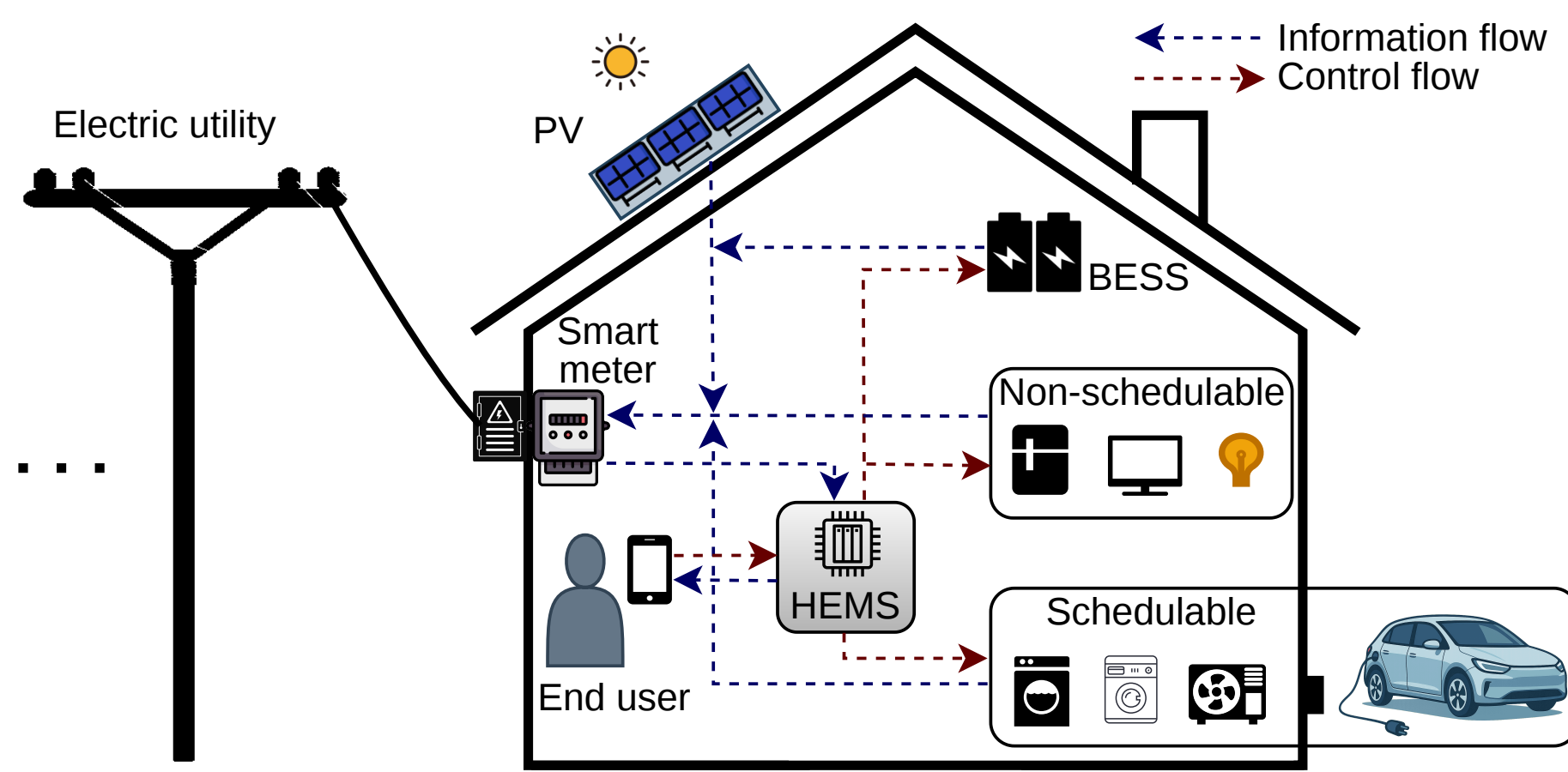
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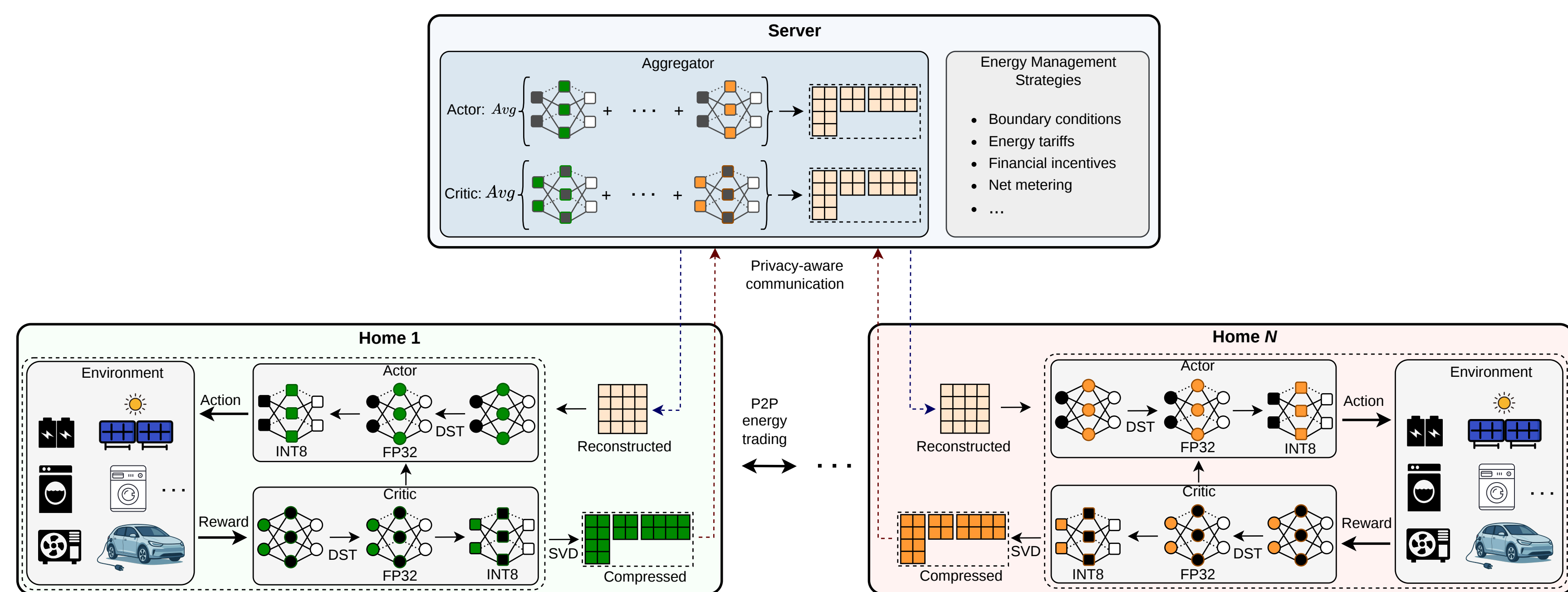
1. Introduction



Motivation:

- **Limited generalization** to multiple households
- **Missing grid-awareness** limiting performance in grid-influenced environments
- Need for **privacy-preserving coordination**

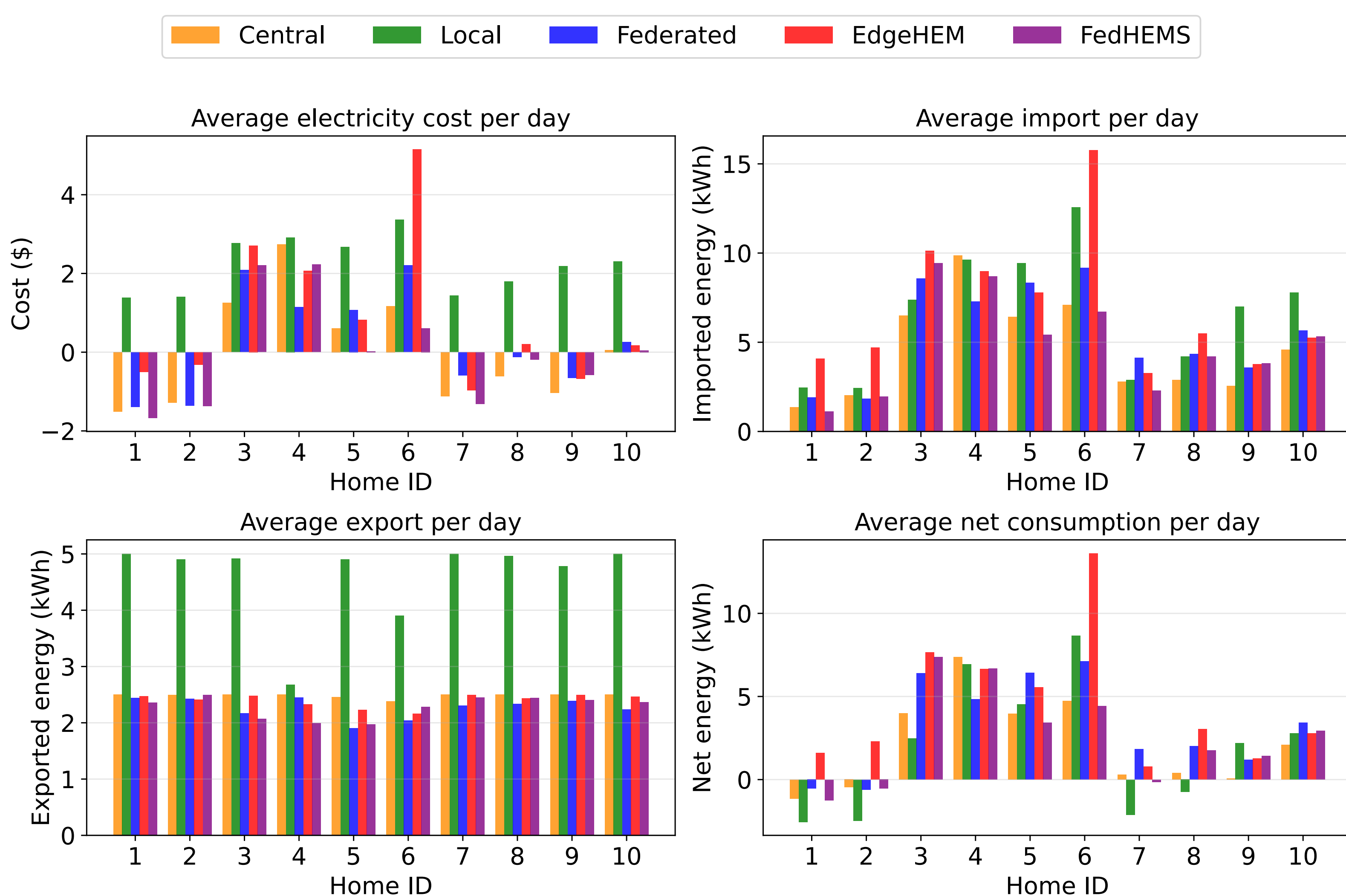
3. Methodology



Contribution:

- Federated HEMS algorithm that uses **FedAvg** for privacy-aware aggregation; **dynamic sparse learning**, **SVD**, and **quantization** for efficient communication; and periodically considers inputs from the grid (DSO).

4. Preliminary Results



Model	Electricity cost ↓	Communication cost ↓	Collaboration	Privacy
Central	low	none	✓	×
Local	high	none	×	✓
Federated	medium	high	✓	✓
EdgeHEM (<i>Li et al. 2025</i>)	medium	medium	✓	✓
FedHEMS (ours)	low	low	✓	✓

2. Problem Formulation

Reward function:

$$r^t = w_{\text{elec}} \hat{r}_{\text{elec}}^t + w_{\text{conf}} \hat{r}_{\text{conf}}^t, \quad w_{\text{elec}} + w_{\text{conf}} = 1. \quad (1)$$

Electricity cost:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{elec}}^t = \frac{r_{\text{elec}}^t}{\pi_{\text{max}} P_{\text{max}} \Delta t + \varepsilon}, \quad (2)$$

$$r_{\text{elec}}^t = \begin{cases} -P_{\text{net}}^t \pi^t \Delta t, & P_{\text{net}}^t > 0, \\ -P_{\text{net}}^t \pi_{\text{exp}} \Delta t, & P_{\text{net}}^t \leq 0. \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

User comfort:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{conf}}^t = \frac{1}{4} (\hat{r}_{\text{WMt}}^t + \hat{r}_{\text{WMd}}^t + \hat{r}_{\text{temp}}^t + \hat{r}_{\text{EV}}^t). \quad (4)$$

• WM Operation Time:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{WMt}}^t = - \left(\frac{\delta_{\text{WMt}}^t}{\delta_{\text{WMt}}^{\text{max}}} \right)^2, \quad \delta_{\text{WMt}}^t = \begin{cases} t_{\text{start}}^{\text{WMt}} - t & t < t_{\text{start}}^{\text{WMt}}, \\ t - t_{\text{end}}^{\text{WMt}} & t > t_{\text{end}}^{\text{WMt}}, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (5)$$

• WM Cycle Duration:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{WMd}}^t = \begin{cases} - \left(\frac{\Delta t_{\text{max}} - \Delta t_{\text{act}}}{\Delta t_{\text{max}}} \right)^2, & \text{if } t = t_{\text{end}}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (6)$$

• Thermal Comfort:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{temp}}^t = - \left(\frac{\delta_T^t}{\Delta T_{\text{max}}} \right)^2, \quad \delta_T^t = \begin{cases} T_{\text{min}} - T_{\text{in}}^{t+1}, & T_{\text{in}}^{t+1} < T_{\text{min}}, \\ T_{\text{in}}^{t+1} - T_{\text{max}}, & T_{\text{in}}^{t+1} > T_{\text{max}}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

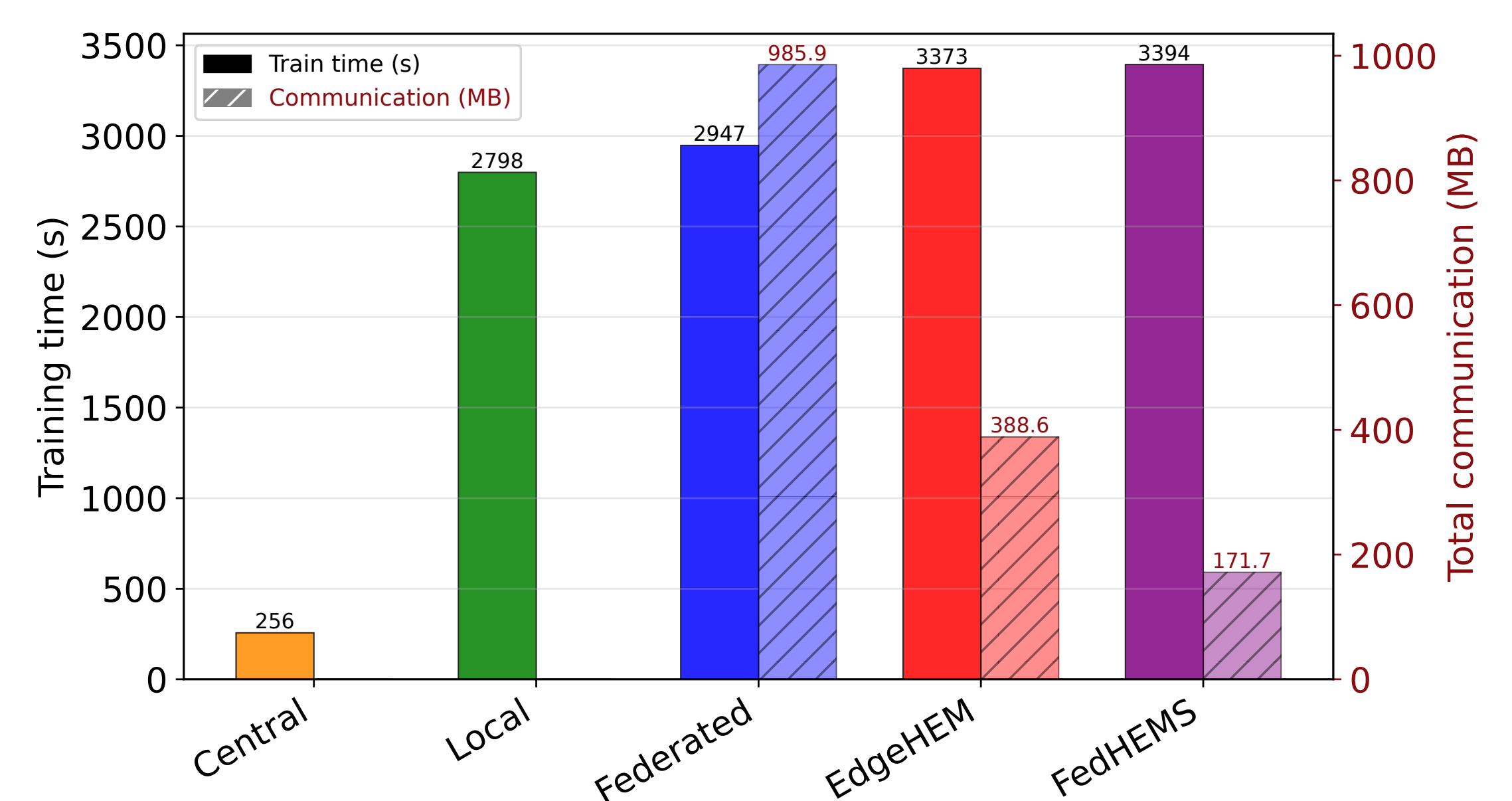
• EV Readiness:

$$\hat{r}_{\text{EV}}^t = \begin{cases} -(1 - \text{SoE}_{\text{EV}}^t), & \text{if } t = t_{\text{end}}^{\text{EV}}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (8)$$

Key variables:

$\pi^t, \pi_{\text{exp}}, \pi_{\text{max}}$	Import, export, and maximum tariff (\$/kWh)
$\Delta t, P_{\text{max}}, \varepsilon$	Duration (h); peak capacity (kW); constant
$T_{\text{in}}^{t+1}, [T_{\text{min}}, T_{\text{max}}]$	Indoor temperature; comfort band (°C)
$t_{\text{start}}^{\text{WM}}, t_{\text{end}}^{\text{WM}}$	Start and end of preferred WM operating window
$\delta_{\text{WM}}^{\text{max}}$	Worst-case WM timing deviation (for normalization)
$\Delta t_{\text{max}}, \Delta t_{\text{act}}$	Maximum and actual WM run duration (h)
SoE_{EV}^t	EV state of energy
$t_{\text{end}}^{\text{EV}}$	EV departure time

5. Communication Evaluation



Contact



Acknowledgment

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